

April 6, 1101: A bull of Pope Pascal II thanks the inhabitants of the region of Velletri, Torrecchia corresponds to the most eastern point of the territory.		
1118: Emperor Henry V of the Holy Roman Empire besieges the <i>castrum papae Turriculum</i>		
January 02, 1235: Georges IX reaffirms the contours of the territory of the town of Velletri, Torrecchia castrum is still the most eastern point of the territory.		
1262: Torrecchia belongs to the Frangipane family		
1300: In a document listing the different inhabitants of the Roman countryside, Torrecchia is part of the province of Campania with 800 inhabitants		
1386: Torrecchia is then a property of 2000 <i>rubbie</i> , with a castle belonging to the Conti family		
1416: Torrecchia is included in the list of destroyed and depopulated lands of the province of Campania, and is still defined as “ <i>castrum</i> ”		
1450: Grato Conti sells to his sister Cecca Conti the castle of Torrecchia, which appears as uninhabited, and the property around and the mill of the Rocca		
January 19, 1455: Onorato III Caetani promises to sell to the brothers Giovanni, Andrea and Giacomo Conti the castle of Torrecchia for 3,000 ducats of gold		
1462: Torrecchia is managed by Giacomina Conti		
1517: The lord of the castle of Torrecchia is Cardinal Francesco Conti, who dies in 1521		
1521: Cardinal Francesco Conti bequeaths Torrecchia by will to Pope Leo X		
1521-1570: The natural sons of Cardinal Francesco Conti opposed this testament and new struggles took place in Torrecchia		
1570: Torrecchia returns to the hands of the Conti family		
1600: The estate of Torrecchia passes into the hands of Donna Costanza Conti then to his son Antonio Maria Salviati and finally to the Salviati family		
1628: Torrecchia returns to the hands of the Conti family		
1630: Camillo Conti sells the Torrecchia estate of 2000 <i>rubbie</i> by dividing it into 3 parts:		
A part is then yielded to the prince M. Antonio Borghese ( <i>rubbia</i> 1123)	Part of it is sold to the family Turlozzi di Velletri who sold it to the Borgia di Velletri family: Torrecchiola Borgia ( <i>rubbia</i> 500)	A part is sold to the Cardinal Scipione Borghese who sells it directly to Cardinal Marzio Ginnetti: Torrecchiola or Castel Ginnetti ( <i>rubbia</i> 298)
1660: The cadastre alessandrino notes the existence of two areas:		
<i>Torrecchia</i> , belonging to the Principe Giovan Battista Borghese ( <i>rubbia</i> 1159)	<i>Torrecchiola or Casale di Torrecchiola</i> belong to Cardinal Marzio Ginnetti ( <i>rubbia</i> 261)	
1692: The map of the Agro Romano by Giovanni Battista Cingolani mentions precisely the area of Torrecchia		
Torrecchia of Lord Principe Borghese ( <i>rubbia</i> 1159) in which is included <i>Torrecchiola Borgia</i>	<i>Torrecchiola</i> of the Lord Marchese Ginnetti ( <i>rubbia</i> 289)	
1783: On the official cadastre of Agro Romano we find details on the division of the two properties:		
<i>Torrecchia</i> of the lord Principe Borghese ( <i>rubbia</i> 1123)	<i>Torrecchiola or Casale Ginnetti</i> of the Lancellotti family ( <i>rubbia</i> 298)	
1819: On the Gregorian cadastre mapping the Agro Romano, there is a division of Torrecchia in 3 properties ( <i>rubbia</i> 2615):		
<i>Torrecchia</i> of the Borghese Prince ( <i>rubbia</i> 2115)	<i>Castel Ginnetti</i> or Torrecchiola of the principle Lancellotti ( <i>rubbia</i> 449)	<i>Torrecchiola Borgia</i> of the brothers Borgia Antonio e Pietro ( <i>rubbia</i> 51)
1906: Prince Borghese Felice sells the Torrecchia property to the Sbardella brothers who worked for the Borghese di Torrecchia family:		
<i>Torrecchia Nuova</i> : Attilio Sbardella	<i>Torrecchia Vecchia</i> : Ettore Sbardella	
1914: The cartography of Pompeo Spinetti's agro Romano shows a division between three entities:		
<i>Torrecchia</i> et <i>Torrecchiola Borgia</i> belong to Ettore Sbardella and his borthers (2178 hectares)	<i>Torrecchiola</i> ou <i>Castel Ginnetti</i> , belong to Aldobrandini-Lancellotti (203 hectares)	<i>Castel Ginnetti Lancellotti</i> belong to Lancellotti Principe Filippo (298 hectares)
1990: <i>Torrecchia Vecchia</i> is sold to Prince Carlo Caracciolo (510 hectares)		